		Current "ear									Previous year		
	Te de la	Jun O1*	2019-20	Sep Q2*	2019-20	Dec Q3*	2019-20	Mar Q4*	2019-20	Mar Q4*	2018-19		
	(Rs in Crord) HIGH QUALITY LIQUID ASSETS	Total UnWeighted Value (Average)		Total UnWeighted	Total Weighted Value (Average)	Total UnWeighted	Total Weighted Value (Average)	Total UnWeighted Value (Average)	Total Weighted Value (Average)	Total UnWeighted Value (Average)	Total Weighted Value (Average)		
	HIBH QUALITY ELQUID 1000 10				The British	Second Second	10000		Exerc 24	1974	44051.8		
	1 Total High Quality Liquid Assets (HQLA)	0.0	45821.10	0.04	52479.74	0.0	59351.44	300	61929.24	-	4403170		
sh O	utflows			7									
	Retail deposits and deposits from Small	100000000	100-600-6		10170 60	109002.99	10572.64	109093.05	10449.53	102063.09	9916.1		
	2 business customers, of which:	103721.54				The second second second			459,78		290.2		
)	Stable Deposits	6316.04				-					9625.5		
1)	Less Stoble deposits	97405.50							37031.83	-			
	3 Unsecured wholesale funding	75079.48	34721.83	77664.3:	35773.21	85015.98	30374.24	63700.07	0.000.00				
)	Operational deposits (all counterparties)	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0		
-	Non operational deposits (all						20304.50	83488.30	36759.26	5 71147.21	31772.		
ii)	counterparties)	74697.81	34340.2		-	-							
ii)	Unsecured debt	381.60				THE RESERVE TO SHAREST PARTY OF THE PARTY OF	89.9		0.0		0.		
Sec.	4 Secured wholesale funding		0.00		0.0								
	5 Additional requirements, of which	31242.8	5 3540.4	4 31338.8	9 3572.7	3 33152.9	2 3187.3	33300.5	3302.71	5 50002.5			
0)	Outflows related to derivative exposures and other collecteral requirements	37.8	2 37.8	2 79.0	0 79.0	0 43.2	7 43.2	7 42.8	42.8	2 110.0	6 110		
	Outflows related to loss of funding on deb			0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			
(ii)	products	0.0				-		6 33263.6	3259.9	8 30691.2			
(ii)	Credit and liquidity facilities	31205.0			7	-		0 1803.9	8 1803.9				
	6 Other contractual funding obligations	1173.2				-	-	8 19916.5	9 597.5	50 20650.5			
	7 Other contingent funding obligations	19120.9	50065.4		51782.1		54450.2	7	53185.6	4	48598		
	B TOTAL CASH OUTFLOWS	STATE OF THE PARTY.	3000374		All Landson		10000						
Cash I	Inflows												
		214.5	a 0.0	0 416.9	59 0.0	507.4	13 0,0	00 804.3	6 0.0	935.4	14 0		
	9 Secured lending (e.g. reverse repos)	2143	90 0.1								242		
	and the state of the section is a superior	11344.5	6150	10106	45 5359.0	10663.5	50 5835.	10 11395.3					
_	10 Inflows from fully performing exposures	7406.5	-		46 5512.4	16 5543.0	5543.0	5043.2		-			
	11 Other cash inflows	18966.	-	_	49 10872.	11 16713.5	95 11378.	14 17242.5	4 11251.6	54 18497.	15 11800		
_	12 TOTAL CASH INFLOWS	10000	-										
			00 0	0.	00 0	00 0	00 0	00 84	0.0	00 0.			
_		0)	45821		52479.	**	59351	44	61929.	24	4405		
	TOTAL HQLA	-	36508.		40860		43072		41934	00	3679		
	TOTAL NET CASH OUTFLOWS		125.5		128.44	- 2	137.80	996	147.68	8%	119.		
	LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO(%)	1	1,25,5	364	220.4		3. H						







Statutory Auditors

23-06-2020 Vadodara

Liquidity Coverage Ratio

The LCR is designed to promote short-term resilience of a bank's liquidity risk profile by ensuring that it has sufficient high quality liquid resources to survive an acute stress scenario lasting for 30 days. As per the RBI guidelines minimum requirement of LCR for FY 2019-20 on a daily basis is 100%. The methodology for estimating the LCR is based on RBI guidelines.

The LCR is calculated by dividing the amount of high quality liquid unencumbered assets (HQLA) by the estimated net outflows over a stressed 30 calendar day period. The net cash outflows are calculated by applying RBI prescribed outflow factors to the various categories of liabilities (deposits, unsecured and secured wholesale borrowings), as well as to undrawn commitments and derivatives-related exposures, partially offset by inflows from assets maturing within 30 days.

The bank during the quarter ended March 31, 2020 had maintained average HQLA (after haircut) of Rs. 61929.24 Crores as against the average liquidity requirement of Rs. 41934.00 Crores at a minimum LCR requirement of 100%. HQLA primarily included government securities in excess of minimum Statutory Liquidity Ratio (SLR), the extent allowed under the Marginal Standing Facility (MSF) and the Facility to Avail Liquidity for LCR (FALLCR). Additionally cash, balances in excess of cash reserve requirement with RBI and the overseas central banks form part of level 1 HQLA. The Daily average LCR of the Indian bank for the quarter ended March 31, 2020 was 147.68%.

The main drivers of LCR of the bank are sufficient high quality liquid assets (HQLAs) to meet liquidity needs of the bank at all times. The weighted cash outflows are primarily driven by unsecured wholesale funding which contributed 69.63% of the total weighted cash outflows. Retail deposits including deposits from small business customers contributed 19.65% of the total weighted cash outflows. The other contingent funding obligations primarily include bank guarantees (BGs) and letters of credit (LCs) issued on behalf of the Bank's clients.

Bank has one significant counterparty in the deposits as on 31.03.2020. The largest depositor contributed 1.18% of total deposits. The total contribution of the top 20 largest domestic depositors as on 31.03.2020 is 8.35% of the total deposits. The significant domestic product / instruments include Savings deposit, Current deposit and Term deposits which are 24.68%, 4.21% and 52.64% of bank's total liability respectively, the funding from which are widely spread and cannot create concentration risk for the bank.

Bank's Liquidity is managed by the Asset Liability Management Committee (ALCO) and contingency funding plan is in place based on the quarterly stress testing results.

Assistant General Manager

VADODARA VADODARA

Statutory Auditors

23-06-2020

Vadodara